

# Estimating the Impact of USAID-Funded Contraceptives: Malawi



## Overall Contraceptive Use by Method

### Estimated Contraceptive Users, 2020-2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Condoms</b>	60,000	63,000	66,000	69,000	72,000
<b>Pills</b>	82,000	85,000	89,000	93,000	97,000
<b>Injectables</b>	1,209,000	1,264,000	1,322,000	1,380,000	1,441,000
<b>Implants</b>	634,000	663,000	693,000	724,000	756,000
<b>IUD</b>	40,000	42,000	44,000	46,000	48,000
<b>Sterilization</b>	294,000	308,000	322,000	336,000	351,000
<b>Other</b>	16,000	16,000	17,000	18,000	19,000
<b>Total</b>	2,335,000	2,441,000	2,553,000	2,666,000	2,784,000

Source: Method Mix from 2019-20 MICS applied to modern user estimates from FP2030 2025 Report

## USAID's Contribution to Contraceptive Procurement

### USAID-Funded Contraceptive Commodities Procured, 2020-2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>Condoms</b>	0	18,197,650	2,665,750	3,799,760	3,369,660
<b>Pills</b>	0	57,600	2,222,784	1,640,448	446,544
<b>Injectables</b>	920,000	52,000	1,410,000	1,971,000	2,091,000
<b>Implants</b>	12,816	98,040	62,064	134,504	7,028
<b>IUD</b>	0	14,100	0	23,400	1,200
<b>Other</b>	0	121,500	176,400	167,400	121,050

Source: RH Viz, April 2025

Note: "Other" includes emergency contraception, syringes and accessories, standard days method, and trocars. Condom values have been adjusted to exclude condoms procured for HIV programs. For USAID, an assumption was made that 75% of condoms were procured for HIV programs (based on reporting from GHSC-PSM)

## Estimating the Comparative Value of USAID's Contraceptive Procurement

### Total USD Value of Donor-Funded Contraceptive Products Procured, by Funder, 2020-2024

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
<b>UNFPA Supplies</b>	\$810,761	\$3,403,021	\$2,144,258	\$1,786,469	\$4,453,586
<b>USAID</b>	\$844,936	\$1,578,751	\$3,326,139	\$4,060,854	\$2,308,988
<b>Other Donor</b>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>NGO/SMO</b>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>Other</b>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>UNFPA Co Financing</b>	\$9,205,254	\$1,316,970	\$4,505,244	\$6,124,675	\$3,151,183
<b>Total</b>	\$10,860,951	\$6,298,742	\$9,975,641	\$11,971,999	\$9,913,757
<b>% USAID</b>	8%	25%	33%	34%	23%

Source: RH Viz, April 2025

Note: Values are only for the commodities and do not include estimates of the shipping and associated costs to get those products to the country. Values exclude personal lubricants. Condom values have been adjusted to exclude condoms procured for HIV programs. For USAID, an assumption was made that 75% of condoms were procured for HIV programs (based on reporting from GHSC-PSM) and for Global Fund, an assumption was made that 100% of condoms were procured for HIV.

## Estimating the Impacts of Donor-Funded Contraceptives and USAID's Contribution

### Estimated Impacts of Contraceptive Products Procured in 2024

	Impacts of Total Commodities (all funders)	Impacts of USAID-funded Commodities only	Impacts of Total Commodities <u>without</u> USAID-funded Commodities	% of Total Impact that came from USAID
<b>Demographic impacts</b>				
<i>Unintended pregnancies averted</i>	1,160,800	223,300	937,500	19%
<i>Live births averted</i>	672,300	129,300	543,000	19%
<i>Abortions averted</i>	318,500	61,200	257,300	19%
<b>Health impacts</b>				
<i>Maternal deaths averted</i>	2,510	487	2,023	19%
<i>Child deaths averted*</i>	23,440	4,510	18,930	19%
<i>Unsafe abortions averted</i>	242,320	46,630	195,690	19%
<b>Couple Years of Protection (CYPs)</b>				
<i>Total CYPs (FP only)</i>	2,905,600	584,541	2,321,059	20%

Notes: Impact estimates are Service-Lifespan impacts based on default Impact2 Model values; RH Viz does not specify implant or injectable type, so implant procurement was split evenly into 5-year and 3-year implants, and injectables were assumed to be 3-month injectables; 2025 commitments (in terms of \$ or products) not available, so 2024 is a proxy to estimate the impact of USAID funded FP commodity procurement

\* Estimates of child deaths averted may be unreliable because there is currently very limited data about the linkages between CPR, birth spacing and child mortality. This part of Impact 2 will be updated as improved research becomes available.